

# **Slipstream**

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# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier

Material name : Slipstream

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Grease/Lubricant.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier: IMG Ltd.,

Unit M

Riverside Industrial Estate

Fazeley Tamworth B78 3RW

Tel. : 01827 283322 Fax. : 01827 250143

Email (for SDSs) : sales@img-limited.co.uk

1.4 Emergency tel. no. : 01827 283322 (Available from 08.30 – 17.00 hours).

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

According to 1272/2008/EC: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures (CLP) Regulation:

Physical and Chemical Hazards Flam.Aerosol 1; H222, H229 Human health Sk.Irrit. 2; H315; STOT SE3; H336

Environment Aq.Chron.2; H411

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to EC Directives: 1272/2008/EC

Signal word: Danger Contains: Naphtha (Petroleum) Hydrotreated Light







#### Pictogram(s):

**Hazard Statements:** H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary** 

**Statements:** P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves.



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**Precautionary** 

**Statements (continued):** 

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulations.

**2.3 Other hazards** In use, may form flammable / explosive vapour-air mixture.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2 Mixtures:

#### **Hazardous components**

Chemical Name	CAS No./	Classification	Content
	EC No./	(1272/2008/EC)	
	Reg. No		
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	64742-49-0	Asp. Tox. 1 H304	30-50%
HYDROTREATED LIGHT	265-151-9	Flam. Liq. 2 H225	
(contains <5% n-Hexane)	-	STOT SE 3 H336	
		Sk. Irrit. 2 H315	
		Aq. Chron. 2 H411	
LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS	68476-85-7	Flam.Gas 1; H220	30-50%
(contains <0.1% 1,3-butadiene)	270-704-2	Gas under pressure; H280	
	-		

See Section 16 for the full text of the H-statements noted above.

(1272/2008/EC: Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures (CLP) Regulation).

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. Take off any contaminated clothing and shoes/boots immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin contact: Wash with soap and water. Seek medical advice if irritation develops.

Eye contact: Rinse with water for 10 minutes and seek medical advice if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water and give water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Seek medical advice.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May cause irritation to skin and eyes with prolonged contact.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: See skin and eye contact information above.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide; dry chemical powder; alcohol or polymer foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet



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## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting: Irritating/toxic fumes may be released at elevated temperatures.

**5.3** Advice for fire-fighters:

Special protective equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Further information: Standard procedure for chemical fires. Use water spray to cool containers.

Do not allow fire run-off to enter drains.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Use personal protective equipment to deal with spillage.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Contain the spillage using sufficient appropriate absorbent material. Do not discharge into drains or rivers, but if contamination to waterways has occurred, inform local authorities.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Wipe up liquid spillage with absorbent material such as sand, earth, or vermiculite, and place in a labelled container for disposal in accordance with local/national regulations.

## 6.4 References to other sections

See sections 8 and 13 for personal protection and disposal information.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Handle with care.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, well ventilated area, below 50°C. Protect from frost, heat and sunlight. Keep away from food, drink and animal feed.

7.3 Specific end use(s): No information available.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Chemical name	8hr TWA	15min STEL	Reference
Naphtha (Petroleum) Hydrotreated Light	$1000 \text{ mg/m}^3/250 \text{ ppm}$	-	UK SIA
Liquefied petroleum gas	1750 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /1000ppm	2810 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /1250 ppm	EH40/2005

DNEL (workers)	Naphtha (Petroleum) Hydrotreated Light
Chronic systemic effects (dermal)	13964 mg/kg bw/day
Chronic systemic effects (inhalation)	5306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>



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DNEL (consumers)	Naphtha (Petroleum) Hydrotreated Light
Chronic systemic effects (dermal)	1377 mg/kg bw/day
Chronic local effects (inhalation)	1131 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

## Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Unlikely to be necessary in normal circumstances; if vapour levels are high, wear a respirator conforming to EN 140 with type A filter or better.

Hand protection: Wear chemically resistant gloves such as butyl rubber approved to standard EN 374; material thickness 0.5mm; break through time ≥ 480 min. Gloves must be replaced after 8 hours of wear. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Check with glove manufacturer for specific advice.

Eye protection: Chemical splash goggles if eye contact is reasonably probable. The selected goggles or glasses must satisfy the European standard EN 166.

Skin and body protection: Depending on the conditions of use, protective gloves, apron, boots, head and face protection should be worn. The selected protective clothing has to satisfy the standard EN 13034, which describes clothing offering limited 8 hour protection against splashes. Use PPE that is chemically resistant to the product and prevents skin contact.

Hygiene measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat or drink whilst using the product. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of the work day. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State and colour Aerosol emitting off-white coloured spray.

Odour Paraffinic

**Odour Threshold** No data available **Flammability** Extremely flammable

<0°C Flash point Lower explosion limit 0.8% Upper explosion limit

**Explosive properties** Not explosive No data available Thermal decomposition

>230°C **Auto-ignition temperature** Non-oxidising **Oxidising properties** Solubility in water Insoluble

Solubility in other solvents Soluble in most organic solvents.

Not applicable pН Melting point/range No data available Boiling point/range No data available Relative density No data available Vapour pressure No data available No data available No data available

Vapour density Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available Viscosity (kinematic) No data available **Evaporation rate** 

9.2 Other information VOC Content: 74.4%



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# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 ReactivityGenerally non-reactive.10.2 Chemical stabilityStable under normal conditions.10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactionsNone if stored and used as directed.

10.4 Conditions to avoidNone known.10.5 Incompatible materialsNone known.10.6 Hazardous decomposition productsOxides of carbon.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Chemical name	Oral (LD50)	Inhalation (LC50)	Dermal (LD50)
Naphtha (Petroleum) Hydrotreated	>2000 mg/kg (Rat)	>20 mg/l (Rat) 4h	>2000 mg/kg (Rat)
Light			
Liquefied petroleum gas	Not applicable	>20mg/l (Rat) 4h	Not applicable

**Skin corrosion/irritation:** Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Not classed as an eye irritant.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation:** Not classed as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

**Repeated dose toxicity:** Not expected to be a hazard.

Carcinogenicity: Not carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity: Not mutagenic.

**Toxicity for reproduction:** Not expected to be a hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT):

Single exposure

High levels of vapour may cause central nervous depression; headache, dizziness, nausea.

**Specific target organ toxicity (STOT):** 

Repeated exposure

Not expected to be a hazard.

Further information The product as a whole may cause irritation of skin and upper respiratory tract if exposed

to high levels of spray mist.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Chemical name	Species	Test	Value
Naphtha (Petroleum) Hydrotreated Light	Daphnia	EC50 48h	1-10 mg/l
	Fish	LL50 96h	1-10 mg/l
	Algae	EC50 72h	10-100 mg/l

Physical properties indicate that petroleum gases will rapidly volatilise from the aquatic environment and that acute and chronic effects would not be observed in practice.



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12.2 Persistence and degradability Liquefied petroleum gas is expected to be readily biodegradable. Oxidises rapidly

by photochemical reactions in air.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**Not expected to bioaccumulate significantly.

**12.4 Mobility in soil**The liquid content is insoluble in water and will float on the surface.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**Contains no PBT or vPvB substances.

**12.6 Other adverse effects**None expected.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal operations: Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contact licensed waste disposal company. Most aerosols can be recycled. Do not pierce or burn or use a cutting torch on the empty aerosol container.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

General Information: The UN number for all aerosols is 1950. Aerosols packed in fibreboard cartons up to 30 kg gross weight, or shrink/stretch wrapped onto trays up to 20 kg gross weight may be transported as Limited Quantities, and should display the following symbol on the pack:



The following information relates to all other aerosols not transported as Limited Quantities:

**14.1 UN number** ADR/RID/ADN; IMDG; ICAO 1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID/ADN Class 2, 5F

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 2, Gases

ADR Label No. 2.1

IMDG Class 2

ICAO Class/Division 2

ICAO Subsidiary risk 2.1



Transport labels

**14.4 Packing Group** ADR/RID/ADN; IMDG; ICAO Not applicable for aerosols

**14.5 Environment hazards** Marine Pollutant Not applicable for aerosols.



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14.6 Special precautions for user EMS

F-D, S-U

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for aerosols.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **UK Regulatory References**

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (S.I 2001 No.2677) with amendments.

#### **EU Directives**

Regulations (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with amendments.

#### **Statutory Instruments**

The Chemicals (Hazard information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009 No. 716).

## **Guidance Notes**

Health and Safety Executive Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical Safety Assessments/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Regulation EU 453/2010, amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals).

Tariff number: 34039900

# Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Physical hazards: On basis of test data/Expert judgement.

Health hazards: Calculation method Environmental hazards: Calculation method

# Full text of H-statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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# Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service (division of the American Chemical Society). {Section 3}.

STOT: Single Target Organ Toxicity (Section 2; 11).

SE: Single exposure (Section 2)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level (Section 8).

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration (Section 8).

TWA: Time-weighted average. (Section 8). STEL: Short-term exposure limit. (Section 8).

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic. (Section 12).

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative. (Section 12).

**Legal disclaimer**: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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